



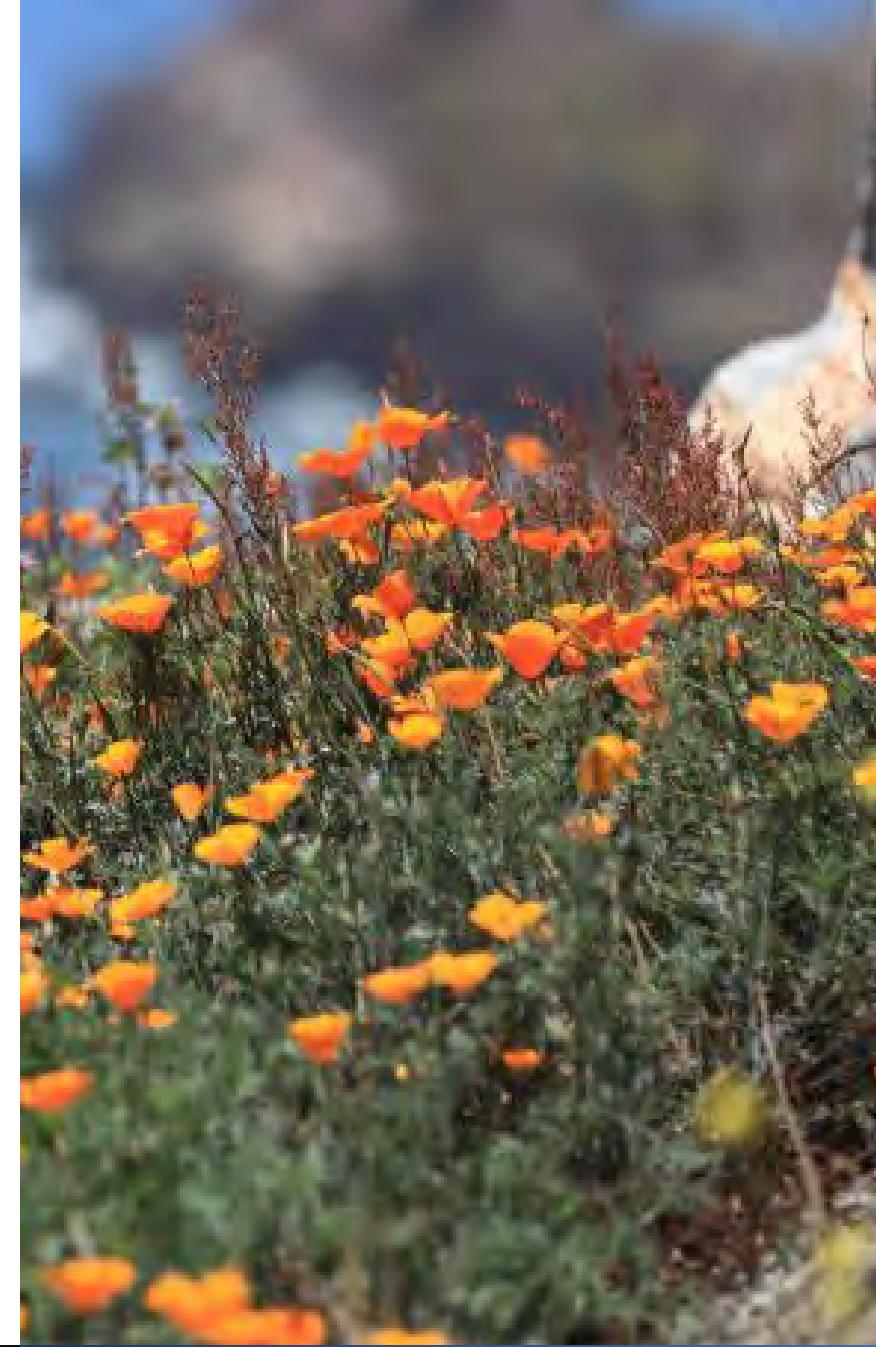
CHANGES TO THE FEDERAL VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT (VOCA)

VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT (VOCA)

- Created by Congress in 1984 to provide federal support to state and local programs that assist victims of crime.
- Funded by offenders convicted of federal crimes through fines, forfeited bonds, penalties, and assessments—not by taxpayers

Primary recipients of VOCA funds:

- Crime victim compensation programs
- Victim assistance programs



VOCA FUNDING FOR CalVCB

Federal FY	VOCA Reimbursement Received
2017-18	\$18.7 M
2018-19	\$16.6 M
2019-20	\$15.8 M

Last three years with complete data





CHANGES TO VOCA

On July 22, 2021, H.R. 1652, the Victims of Crime Act to Sustain the Crime Victims Fund Act of 2021, is signed into law.

- Reimbursement rate increased from 60% to 75%
- Exceptions to cooperation with law enforcement aligns with CalVCB language

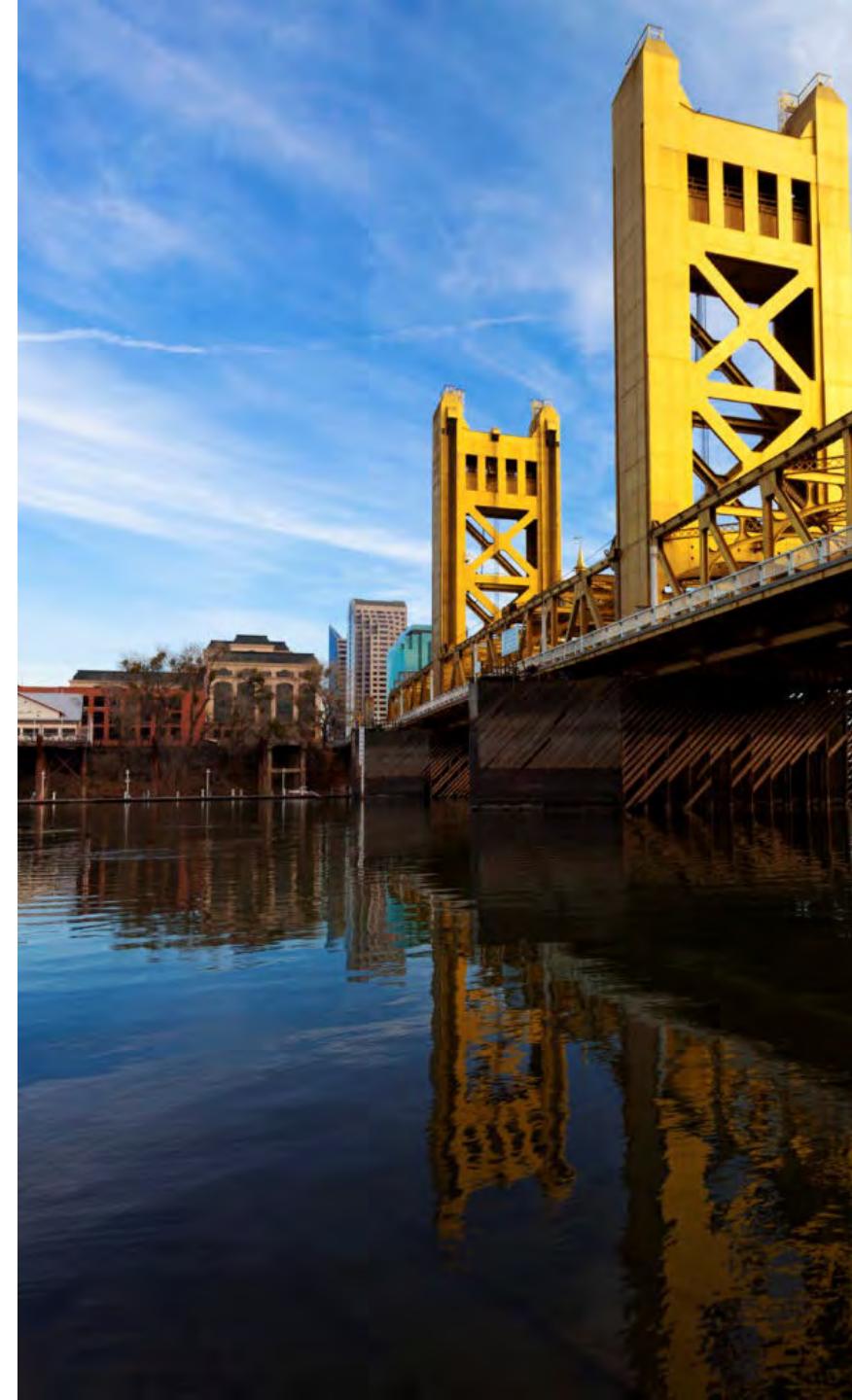


IMPACT ON CalVCB

- Estimated \$8M - \$10M increase in federal reimbursement annually

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- Will need, and have requested, state legislative authority to spend more federal grant money
- Overall, this will improve the condition of the state Restitution Fund
- This will take a few years to happen, as VOCA reimbursements come 2-3 years after we pay claims



QUESTIONS?

